

Antarctica

# THE ULTIMATE DESTINATION

Here are a few of our potential landing sites on the most remote continent on Earth.

**The South Shetland Islands**

There are total of 19 research stations in this group of Antarctic Islands. Seabirds, penguins, whales, and seals feed in the surrounding waters.

**Deception Island**

This distinctive ring-shaped volcanic caldera has a navigable opening into the flooded interior.

**Cuverville Island**

The island boasts the largest known colony of gentoo penguins on the Antarctic Peninsula.

**Lemaire Channel**

This narrow channel is one of the most beautiful passages in Antarctica.

**Errera Channel**

This channel was discovered on the Belgian Antarctic Expedition (1897-1899) and is a great attraction for lovers of icebergs and snow-capped mountains.

**Petermann Island**

This is a great spot for iceberg- and whale-spotting, with views across the channel to the Antarctic Peninsula.

**Antarctic Sound**

Huge calving ice shelves of Antarctica can create mile-long tabular icebergs. The strong currents of the Weddell Sea bring these massive flat-topped bergs north into the Antarctic Sound.

Prospect Point  
Fish Islands

Petermann Island  
Wordie House  
Winter Island

Danco Island  
Neko Harbor

Cuverville Island  
Orne Harbor

Melchior Islands

Hydrurga Rocks

Mikkelsen Harbor

Whalers Bay

Telefon Bay

Half Moon Island  
Hannah Point

Aitcho Island

BRANSFIELD STRAIT

Turret Point  
Penguin Island

Elephant Island



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**Falkland Islands**

In addition to the main islands of East and West Falkland, this archipelago is comprised of 776 smaller islands. The capital, Stanley, is on East Falkland. You can see up to four different penguin species here, as well as some of the largest albatross colonies on the planet.

**South Orkney Islands**  
Discovered by sealers in 1821, this archipelago is comprised of four main islands. The climate is generally cold, wet, and windy, and the area supports a tundra of mosses, lichens, and algae. Seabirds, penguins, and seals feed in the surrounding waters.



**SOUTH GEORGIA**

**South Georgia**

This spectacular wildlife paradise is the breeding ground for thousands of elephant seals, millions of fur seals, and hundreds of thousands of king penguins, as well as being home to two endemic birds: the South Georgia pintail and the South Georgia pipit.

EXPERIENCE THE TOTAL SOLAR ECLIPSE AT THE SOUTH ORKNEY ISLANDS on two of our expedition cruises in 2021.



**Going ashore**

These are expedition cruises; the weather, tides, ice conditions, and wildlife sightings can all affect the day-to-day activities and the itinerary, and our plans change on a regular basis. This means that each expedition with Hurtigruten is unique. We are experts in this wilderness and will take you to the most spectacular places.



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**MS Roald Amundsen** (launched 2019) and **MS Fridtjof Nansen** (launched 2020) have capacity for 500 explorers, and are our first cutting-edge, hybrid electric-powered ships.



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**MS Fram**, a smaller ship purpose-built in 2007 for extreme conditions, carries only 200 explorers in Antarctica, offering a wider range of possible landing sites, following IAATO regulations.



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**First day at sea, and just loving life!!!**

"This Hurtigruten expedition is much different from any other cruise I've been on. It's much smaller, the crew on board is beyond friendly, and there are science exhibits and daily lectures from the numerous geologists, marine biologists, historians, photographers, ornithologists, expedition leaders, and other highly skilled and educated people! I can't wait for the next 18 days of my life!"

Drew Binsky, guest and travel blogger, Antarctica 2018

Follow Drew on Instagram: @drewbinsky